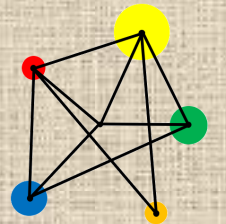


# Inequalities



Use all four inequality signs.

Illustrate inequalities on a number line.

Solve linear inequalities.

Shade simple linear inequalities on co-ordinate axes.

# Vocabulary

## **Inequality**

A statement that one quantity is bigger (or smaller) than another.

## **Integer**

A whole number.

# Starter

Which of the signs  $<$  ,  $=$  ,  $>$  should go between each pairs of numbers?

a)  $3$  \_\_\_\_\_  $1$

b)  $-1$  \_\_\_\_\_  $1$

c)  $3^2$  \_\_\_\_\_  $2^3$

d)  $(-1)^2$  \_\_\_\_\_  $1$

e)  $-7$  \_\_\_\_\_  $-3$

f)  $0.2$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\frac{1}{4}$

g)  $\frac{3}{5}$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\frac{2}{3}$

h)  $\frac{1}{3}$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\frac{1}{4}$

i)  $0.3^2$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\frac{1}{10}$

j)  $\frac{11}{10}$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\frac{10}{9}$

# Solutions

Which of the signs  $<$ ,  $=$ ,  $>$  should go between each pairs of numbers?

a)  $3 \underline{>} 1$

b)  $-1 \underline{<} 1$

c)  $3^2 \underline{>} 2^3$

d)  $(-1)^2 \underline{=} 1$

e)  $-7 \underline{<} -3$

f)  $0.2 \underline{<} \frac{1}{4}$

g)  $\frac{3}{5} \underline{<} \frac{2}{3}$

h)  $\frac{1}{3} \underline{>} \frac{1}{4}$

i)  $0.3^2 \underline{<} \frac{1}{10}$

j)  $\frac{11}{10} \underline{<} \frac{10}{9}$

# Key Facts

$<$  means '**less than**'

$>$  means '**greater than**'

$\leq$  means '**less than or equal to**'

$\geq$  means '**greater than or equal to**'

# Examples

Which of these statements are true?

a)  $2 < 3$

b)  $2 \leq 3$

c)  $3 > 2$

d)  $3 \geq 2$

e)  $3 \leq 3$

e)  $-3 \leq -3$

# Solutions

Which of these statements are true?

a)  $2 < 3$  **True**

b)  $2 \leq 3$  **True**

c)  $3 > 2$  **True**

d)  $3 \geq 2$  **True**

e)  $3 \leq 3$  **True**

e)  $-3 \leq -3$  **True**

# True or False

True or false?

1.  $5 > 2$

2.  $6 \geq 4$

3.  $6 \geq 6$

4.  $-1 < -2$

5.  $-4 \leq -7$

6.  $-3 \leq -1$

True or false?

1.  $0.6 > 0.21$

2.  $-5 < -7$

3.  $\frac{1}{5} < \frac{1}{6}$

4.  $0.8 \geq \frac{1}{8}$

5.  $3^2 \leq 2^3$

True or false?

1.  $-\frac{1}{3} > \frac{1}{2}$

2.  $0.1^2 < 0.1$

3.  $\frac{5}{6} < \frac{6}{5}$

4.  $3\frac{1}{3} > \sqrt{10}$

# True or False

True or false?

1.  $5 > 2$  **True**
2.  $6 \geq 4$  **True**
3.  $6 \geq 6$  **True**
4.  $-1 < -2$  **False**
5.  $-4 \leq -7$  **False**
6.  $-3 \leq -1$  **True**

True or false?

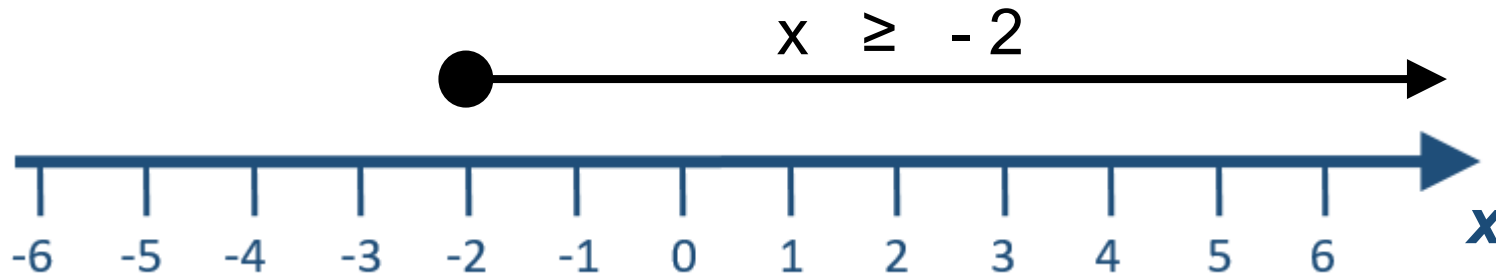
1.  $0.6 > 0.21$  **True**
2.  $-5 < -7$  **False**
3.  $\frac{1}{5} < \frac{1}{6}$  **False**
4.  $0.8 \geq \frac{1}{8}$  **True**
5.  $3^2 \leq 2^3$  **False**

True or false?

1.  $-\frac{1}{3} > \frac{1}{2}$  **False**
2.  $0.1^2 < 0.1$  **True**
3.  $\frac{5}{6} < \frac{6}{5}$  **True**
4.  $3\frac{1}{3} > \sqrt{10}$  **True**

# Key Fact

Inequalities can be represented on a number line:



A solid circle is used to show that  $-2$  satisfies the inequality.

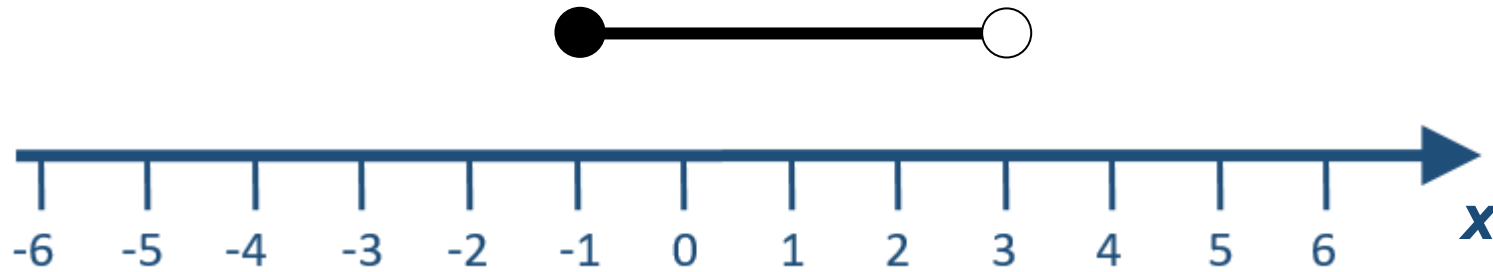
# Example

Represent the following inequality on a number line:  $-1 \leq x < 3$



# Solution

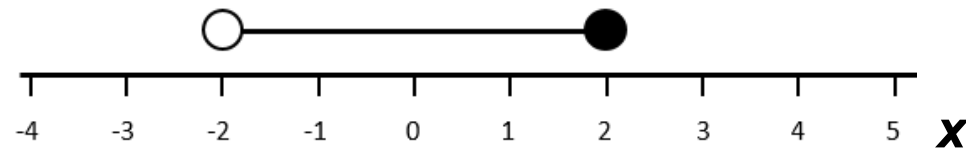
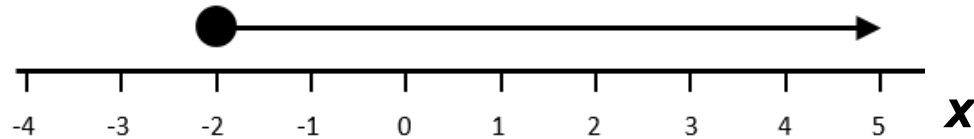
Represent the following inequality on a number line:  $-1 \leq x < 3$



We use an empty circle to show that 3 is **not** included in the inequality.

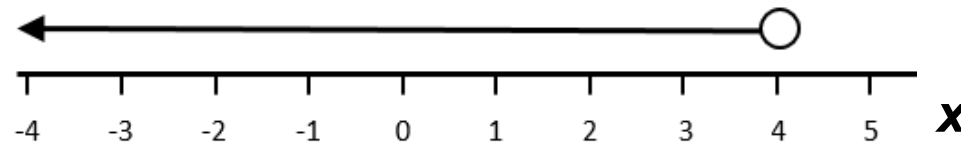
# You try ...

Write down the inequalities shown by these number lines?



# Solutions

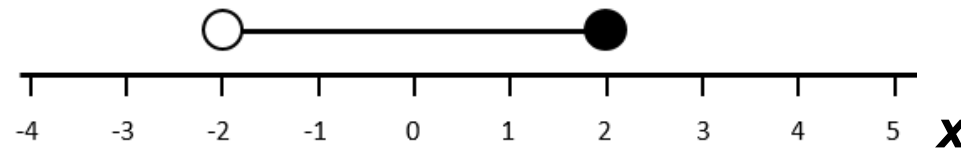
Write down the inequalities shown by these number lines?



$$x < 4$$



$$x \geq -2$$



$$-2 < x \leq 2$$

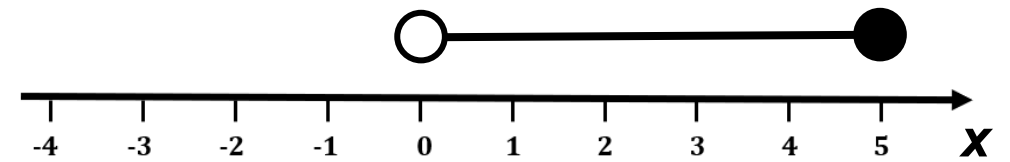
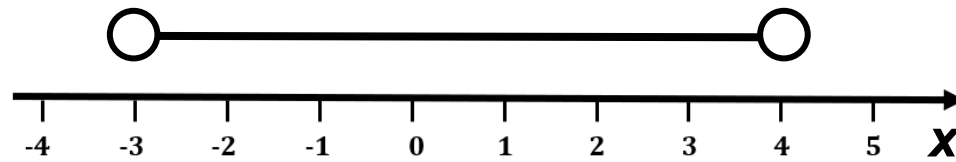
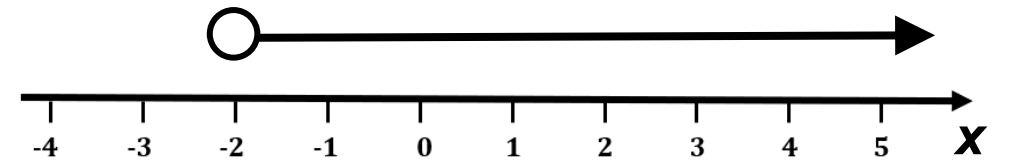
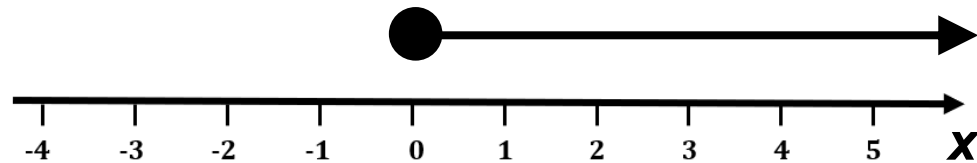
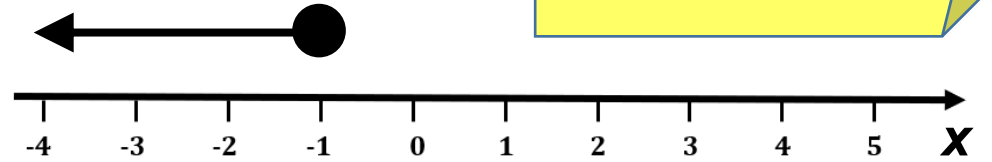
# Exercise

## Challenge

Which is larger:

$x^2$  or  $x$

Write down the inequalities shown on each number line:



# Solutions

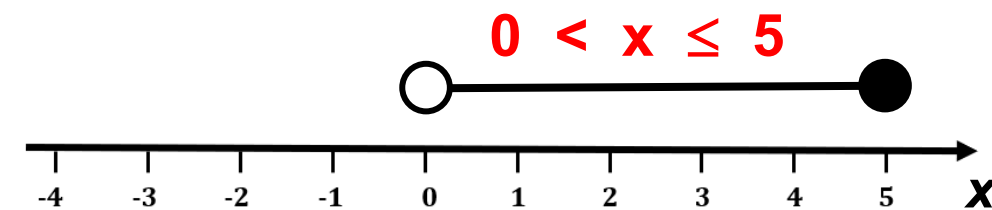
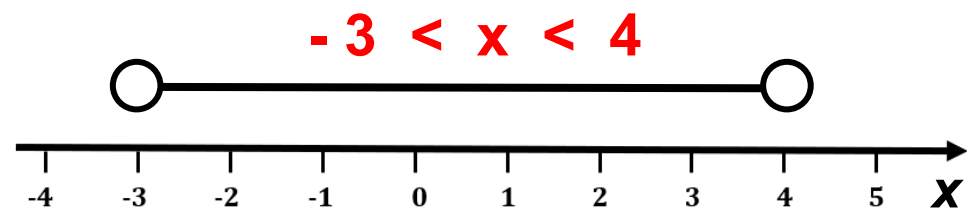
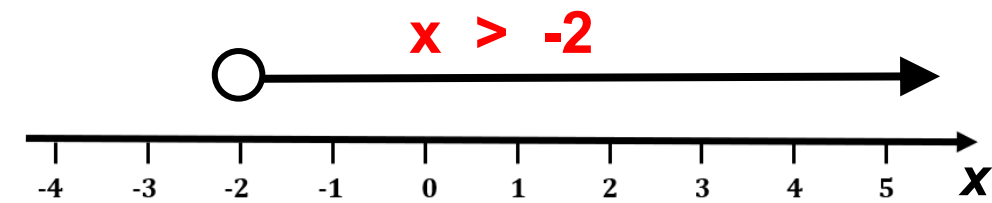
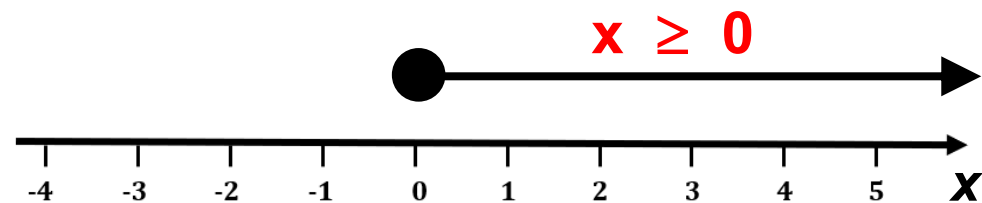
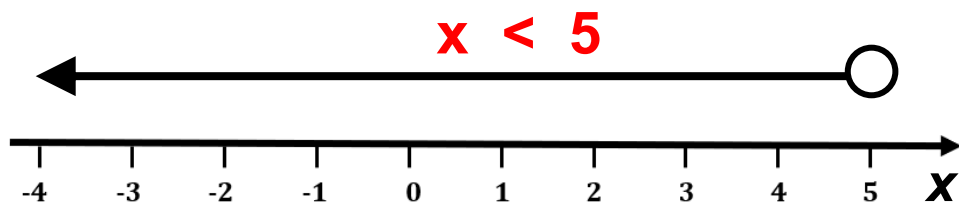
Which is larger:

$x^2$  or  $x$

$x$  when

$0 < x < 1$

Write down the inequalities shown on each number line:



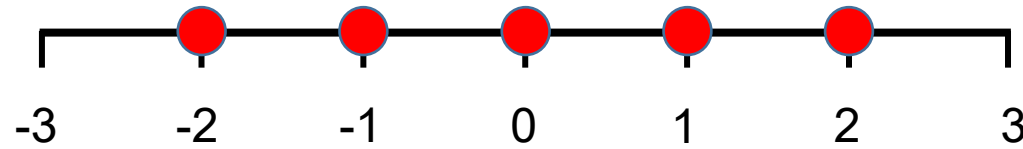
# Example

n is an integer such that  $-2 \leq n < 3$

Write down all the possible values of n.

# Solution

n is an integer such that  $-2 \leq n < 3$



The possible values of 'n' are : **-2 , -1 , 0 , 1 , 2**

# Exercise

Write down the integers which satisfy each inequality:

(a)  $-2 \leq n \leq 2$

(b)  $3 \leq n < 6$

(c)  $-1 < n < 1$

(d)  $-4 \leq n + 3 < 0$

(e)  $2 < 2n \leq 10$

(f)  $-6 < 3n - 3 \leq 3$

## Challenge

$n$  is an integer that satisfies both inequalities below:

$$-7 < n - 6 \leq 1$$

$$13 < 2n + 1 \leq 21$$

What is the value of  $n$ ?

# Exercise

Write down the integers which satisfy each inequality:

(a)  $-2 \leq n \leq 2$

**-2, -1, 0, 1, 2**

(b)  $3 \leq n < 6$

**3, 4, 5**

(c)  $-1 < n < 1$

**0**

(d)  $-4 \leq n + 3 < 0$

**-7, -6, -5, -4**

(e)  $2 < 2n \leq 10$

**2, 3, 4, 5**

(f)  $-6 < 3n - 3 \leq 3$

**0, 1, 2**

## Challenge

$n$  is an integer that satisfies both inequalities below:

$$-7 < n - 6 \leq 1$$

$$13 < 2n + 1 \leq 21$$

What is the value of  $n$ ?

**$n = 7$**

# Solving Linear Inequalities Example

Solve the inequalities.

a)  $b + 10 < 7$

b)  $8x \leq 48$

c)  $2t + 1 > 37$

d)  $\frac{w - 6}{3} \geq 7$

# Solutions

Solve the inequalities.

$$\text{a) } b + 10 < 7$$

$$b < -3$$

$$\text{b) } 8x \leq 48$$

$$x \leq 6$$

$$\text{c) } 2t + 1 > 37$$

$$t > 18$$

$$\text{d) } \frac{w - 6}{3} \geq 7$$

$$w \geq 27$$

# Exercise

Solve these linear inequalities

1.  $t + 1 > 5$

2.  $b - 5 < 12$

3.  $k + 19 \leq 41$

4.  $2a \geq 32$

5.  $10q < 420$

6.  $\frac{w}{2} \leq -7$

Solve these linear inequalities

1.  $p - 2 < 0$

2.  $d + 10 \leq 5$

3.  $12 - q > 8$

4.  $31 \geq 2f$

5.  $2x > x$

Solve these linear inequalities

1.  $5t + 3 > 10$

2.  $\frac{m - 11}{11} \geq 11$

Solve these non-linear inequalities

1.  $x^2 < 16$

2.  $x^3 > 8$

# Solutions

Solve these linear inequalities

1.  $t + 1 > 5$   **$t > 4$**

2.  $b - 5 < 12$   **$b < 17$**

3.  $k + 19 \leq 41$   **$k \leq 22$**

4.  $2a \geq 32$   **$a \geq 16$**

5.  $10q < 420$   **$q < 42$**

6.  $\frac{w}{2} \leq -7$   **$w \leq -14$**

Solve these linear inequalities

1.  $p - 2 < 0$   **$p < 2$**

2.  $d + 10 \leq 5$   **$d \leq -5$**

3.  $12 - q > 8$   **$q < 4$**

4.  $31 \geq 2f$   **$f \leq \frac{31}{2}$**

5.  $2x > x$   **$x > 0$**

Solve these linear inequalities

1.  $5t + 3 > 10$   
 **$t > \frac{7}{5}$**

2.  $\frac{m - 11}{11} \geq 11$   
 **$m \geq 132$**

Solve these non-linear inequalities

1.  $x^2 < 16$   
 **$-4 < x < 4$**

2.  $x^3 > 8$   
 **$x > 2$**

# Example

Solve the inequalities.

a)  $\frac{2x + 7}{3} \leq 11$

b)  $20 - 3x > 2x + 5$

# Solutions

Solve the inequalities.

$$\text{a) } \frac{2x + 7}{3} \leq 11$$

$\times 3$        $\times 3$

$$2x + 7 \leq 33$$

$-7$        $-7$

$$2x \leq 26$$

$\div 2$        $\div 2$

$$\underline{x \leq 13}$$

$$\text{b) } 20 - 3x > 2x + 5$$

$+ 3x$        $+ 3x$

$$20 > 5x + 5$$

$$$-5$        $-5$$$

$$15 > 5x$$

$$\div 5$$
       $\div 5$

$$\underline{3 > x}$$

# Exercise

Solve these linear inequalities

1.  $3p + 5 \leq 17$

2.  $64 > 16 + 6x$

3.  $12 - k < 6$

4.  $3m - 7 > m + 3$

5.  $20 - 4t \leq 15 + t$

6.  $2(b + 3) \geq 30$

Solve these linear inequalities

1.  $57 < 3(y - 2)$

2.  $4(r + 3) \geq 18$

3.  $6w - 2 \leq 2(w + 5)$

4.  $5(a - 1) \geq 2(a + 5)$

5.  $4(2 - h) < 1 - 2h$

Solve:

$$\frac{1}{3}(x + 5) \geq \frac{1}{2}(2x - 6)$$

# Solutions

Solve these linear inequalities

1.  $3p + 5 \leq 17$   **$p \leq 4$**

2.  $64 > 16 + 6x$   **$x < 8$**

3.  $12 - k < 6$   **$k > 6$**

4.  $3m - 7 > m + 3$   
 **$m > 5$**

5.  $20 - 4t \leq 15 + t$   
 **$t \geq 1$**

6.  $2(b + 3) \geq 30$   
 **$b \geq 12$**

Solve these linear inequalities

1.  $57 < 3(y - 2)$   **$y > 21$**

2.  $4(r + 3) \geq 18$   **$r \geq 1.5$**

3.  $6w - 2 \leq 2(w + 5)$   
 **$w \leq 3$**

4.  $5(a - 1) \geq 2(a + 5)$   
 **$a \geq 5$**

5.  $4(2 - h) < 1 - 2h$   
 **$h > 3.5$**

Solve:

$$\frac{1}{3}(x + 5) \geq \frac{1}{2}(2x - 6)$$

**$x \leq 7$**

# Further exercise

Solve these linear inequalities

1.  $\frac{3m + 5}{4} < -4$

2.  $\frac{3(d+5)}{4} < \frac{4(d-2)}{5}$

3.  $9 < 2x + 1 \leq 20$

Solve these linear inequalities

1.  $\frac{1}{4} < \frac{x}{3} < \frac{1}{2}$

2.  $\frac{2}{h} \leq 0.4$

3.  $5 - \frac{6}{t} \leq -1$

Solve these non-linear inequalities

1.  $x^2 < 25$

2.  $x^2 \geq 9$

3.  $x^3 \leq 8$

# Solutions

Solve these linear inequalities

$$1. \quad \frac{3m + 5}{4} < -4$$

**$m < -7$**

$$2. \quad \frac{3(d+5)}{4} < \frac{4(d-2)}{5}$$

**$d > 107$**

$$3. \quad 9 < 2x + 1 \leq 20$$

**$4 < x \leq 9.5$**

Solve these linear inequalities

$$1. \quad \frac{1}{4} < \frac{x}{3} < \frac{1}{2}$$

**$0.75 < x < 1.5$**

$$2. \quad \frac{2}{h} \leq 0.4$$

**$h \geq 5$  or  $h \leq 0$**

$$3. \quad 5 - \frac{6}{t} \leq -1$$

**$t \leq 1$**

Solve these non-linear inequalities

$$1. \quad x^2 < 25$$

**$-5 < x \leq 5$**

$$2. \quad x^2 \geq 9$$

**$x \leq -3$  or  $x \geq 3$**

$$3. \quad x^3 \leq 8$$

**$x \leq 2$**

# Extension

Which of the following statements is true?

$$0.9 < 1$$

$$0.9999999999999999 < 1$$

$$0.\dot{9} < 1$$

## Exam Style Question

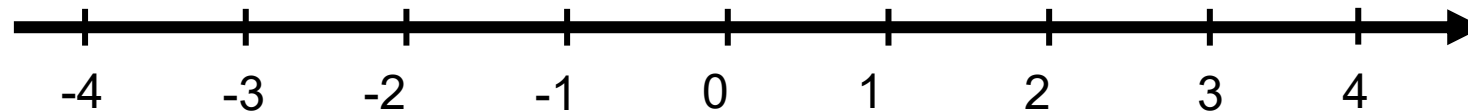
a) Solve  $12n > 28 - 2n$

b)  $n$  is an integer.

$$-3 < n \leq 3.$$

Write down all the possible values of  $n$

c) On the number line below, show the set of values for which  $-8 \leq 3n+1 < 2$



# Solution

a) Solve  $12n > 28 - 2n$        $14n > 28$

$n > 2$

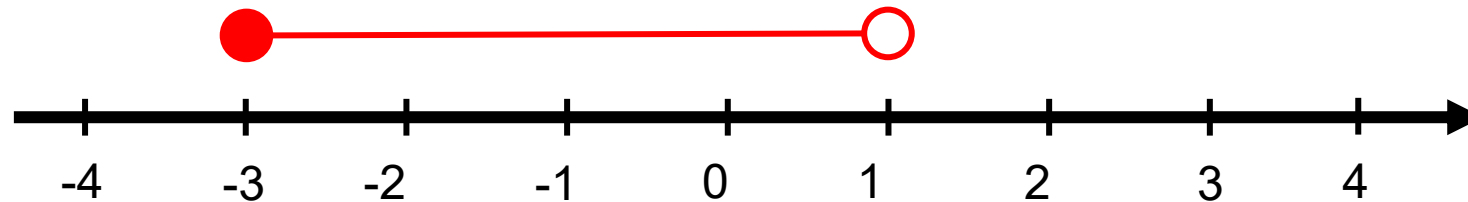
b)  $n$  is an integer.

$-3 < n \leq 3$ .

Write down all the possible values of  $n$

$-2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3$

c) On the number line below, show the set of values for which  $-8 \leq 3n+1 < 2$



## Exam Style Question

Here are two inequalities.

$$-1 \leq x < 4$$

$$8 \leq x + y \leq 12$$

$x$  and  $y$  are integers.

Work out the **greatest** possible value of  $y - x$ .

# Solution

Here are two inequalities.

$$-1 \leq x < 4$$

$$8 \leq x + y \leq 12$$

$x$  and  $y$  are integers.

Work out the **greatest** possible value of  $y - x$ .

$$x = -1, 0, 1, 2, 3$$

*We need the smallest possible value of  $x$  so  $x = -1$*

$$8 \leq 3 + y \leq 12$$

$$5 \leq y \leq 9$$

*We need to use the largest possible value of  $y$*

$$\text{so } y = 9$$

$$x - y =$$

$$9 - -1 = \underline{10}$$

[www.plexmaths.com](http://www.plexmaths.com)

